Finalyse reduces *Escherichia coli* 0157:H7 on cattle hides in five minutes.

STUDY OVERVIEW¹

In a **third-party validation** study, a commercial beef packer wanted to determine the optimum exposure time and efficacy of bacteriophage against *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*) 0157:H7 on cattle hides.

Finalyse[™] bacteriophage was tested on 30 pieces of 4 x 4 inch raw cattle hides that were received from a commercial cattle packer.

Five strains of *E. coli* O157:H7 obtained from the Silliker Food Science Center Culture Collection were used in the testing. The purity of each strain of *E. coli* O157:H7 was verified by streak plating on eosin ethylene blue. The plates were incubated for 24 hours at 35°C. Typical colonies were considered confirmatory. Each strain was serologically confirmed for the O157 and H7 antigens. The inoculum was applied to the hide patches at 1.0×10^5 CFU/mL.

Titer of Finalyse bacteriophage was verified at the initiation of the study. The methods used to determine the titer of the product were provided by the third-party laboratory. Final concentration was delivered to the hide patch at commercially applied levels.

The experiment included:

- *E. coli* 0157:H7
- Test parameters
- Finalyse bacteriophage mixtures
- Control diluent (negative control)
- Process: Spray application of bacteriophage mixtures
- Sampling plan in replicate
 - 10-15 minutes post-application
- 1 hour post-application
- 4 hours post-application

Samples were aseptically removed from the Petri dishes and combined with 100 mL of Butterfield's phosphate buffer. Each bag was shaken vigorously for one minute. Subsequent 10-fold dilutions were made in 9 mL Butterfield's phosphate buffer. Samples were analyzed by the pour plate technique using trypticase soy agar with violet red bile agar (VRBA) overlay. The incubation time was 48 hours at 35°C. The appearance of typical colonies was considered confirmatory.

RESULTS

The Finalyse titer level applied to the beef hide patches was 1.4×10^{10} PFU/mL.

| TABLE 1 | Counts of <i>E. coli</i> 0157:H7 on cattle hides when treated with control (phosphate buffer) vs. Finalyse | | |
|---------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Exposure time | Control Avg. Log CFU/g | Finalyse Avg. Log CFU/g | <i>E. coli</i> Reduction Avg. Log CFU/g |
| 5 minutes | 5.34 | 3.54 | 1.8 |
| 1 hour | 5.58 | 3.66 | 1.92 |
| 4 hours | 6.12 | 3.54 | 2.58 |

CONCLUSION

FinalyseTM was proven efficacious with a reduction $>1.8_{Log}$ CFU/g at an exposure time of five minutes. The control and Finalyse data results are reported as an average of triplicate testing, further highlighting Finalyse's consistency.



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1 Ceylan, E. 2016. "Determination of Reduction of *Escherichia coli* 0157:H7 by Different Bacteriophage Mixtures on Cattle Hides." Silliker Food Science Center Report. RPN 18266: Merieux NutriSciences.